

MATHEMATICAL LITERACY

(PAPER 2)

JUNE 2008

MEMORANDUM

TIME: 2 HOURS
MARKS: 100



education

Western Cape Education Department

NATIONAL STRATEGY FOR LEARNER ATTAINMENT

NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

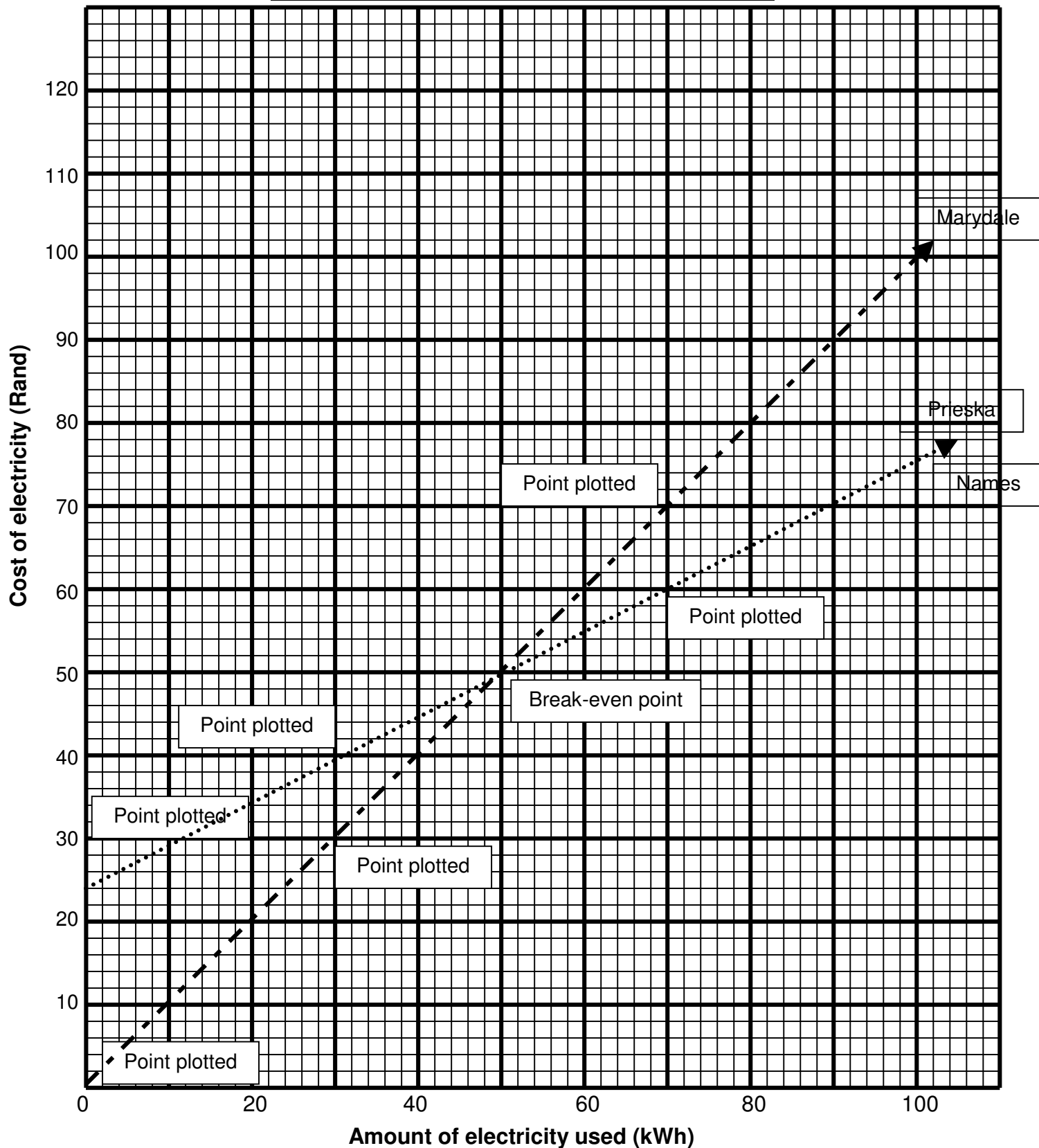
MEMORANDUM

This memorandum consists of **6** pages

QUESTION 1 [37]			
1.1			
1.1.1	4; 5,5; 8; 14; 16; 17; 17,2; 24; 26; 28; 29; 31✓✓	Order (2)	(2)
1.1.2	June✓ and July✓	Answer (2)	(2)
1.1.3	February is the hottest month of the year. (In the Western Cape)✓ Any reason like: "need lots of water for garden because of heat" or "need lot of water to fill up swimming pool", etc.	Reason (1)	(1)
1.1.4	It is winter and they do not have to wet the garden because of the rain. ✓ OR They went away during the school holiday.	Reason (1)	(1)
1.1.5	Mean = $219,7 \div 12$ ✓ $\approx 18,31 \text{kl}$ ✓	Method (2) Answer (1)	(3)
1.2			
1.2.1	A: $25 + 20 \times 0,5$ ✓ = R35✓ B: 40×1 = R40✓ C: $25 + 60 \times 0,5$ ✓ = R55✓ D: 80×1 = R80✓ E: $25 + 100 \times 0,5$ ✓ = R75✓	M & A (2) Answer (1) M & A (2) Answer (1) M & A (2)	(8)
1.2.2	See graph on page 3.		(8)
1.2.3	50kWh✓✓	Answer (2)	(2)
1.3			
	$100\% - 74,5\% = 25,5\%$ ✓ $25,5 \div 100 \times 25\ 843$ ✓ = 6 589,97 \approx 6 590 households ✓ OR $74,5\%$ of 25 843 = 19 253 $25\ 843 - 19\ 253 = 6\ 590$ households	Method (2) Answer (1)	(3)
1.4			
	$13,8 \times 275\ 000$ ✓ $\div 100\ 000$ ✓ = 37,95km ✓	Method (2) Answer (1)	(3)
1.5			
1.5.1	The months are in reversed order.✓ It looks like the usage of electricity increased but it actually decreased.✓	Reason (2)	(2)
1.5.2.1	July ✓	Answer (1)	(2)
1.5.2.2	2000 mega Watts✓	Answer (1)	

QUESTION 1.2.2

Cost of electricity vs. amount of electricity used



QUESTION 2 [24]

2.1			
2.1.1	4,8 million people ✓	Answer (1)	(1)
2.1.2	$4,8 - 3,8$ ✓ = 1 million people ✓	M & Ans (2)	(2)
2.1.3	The number of passengers increases. ✓	Answer (1)	(1)
2.1.4	7,5 million ✓ (Any educated guess above 6,2 million.) 2002 = 4,9 million 2003 = 6,2 million Difference = 1,3 million $6,2 + 1,3 = 7,5$ million <i>One possible method ✓</i>	Answer (1) Method (1)	(2)

2.2			
2.2.1	$€1\ 200 = 12,40 \times 1\ 200$ ✓ = R14 880 ✓	M & Ans (2)	(2)
2.2.2	$R14\ 880 \div 4$ ✓ $\div 30$ ✓ = R124/h ✓	Method (2) Answer (1)	(3)
2.2.3	$R2\ 000 \div 40$ ✓ = R50/h ✓	Method (1) Answer (1)	(2)
2.2.4	Abroad. ✓ She can earn more money per hour. ✓	Ans & Reas	(2)

2.3			
2.3.1	39 ✓ : $1\ 960$ ✓	Answer (2)	(2)
2.3.2	Area = length \times breadth = $3,1 \times 4,8$ ✓ = $14,88\text{m}^2$ ✓	Sub (1) Answer (1)	(2)

2.4			
2.4.1	2m ✓	Answer (1)	(1)
2.4.2	10s ✓	Answer (1)	(1)
2.4.3	Speed = distance \div time = $6,5$ ✓ \div 10 ✓ = $0,65\text{m/s}$ ✓	Sub (2) Answer (1)	(3)

QUESTION 3 [22]

3.1			
3.1.1	$380\text{cm} = 3,8\text{m}\checkmark$ Area = length \times breadth $= 3,8 \times 4\checkmark$ $= 15,20\text{m}^2\checkmark$	Conv (1) Sub (1) Answer (1)	(3)
3.1.2	$15,2 \div 0,04 \checkmark$ $= 380 \text{ patterns}\checkmark$	Method (1) Answer (1)	(2)
3.1.3	$\checkmark \frac{112}{100} \times 380 \checkmark = 426 \text{ patterns}\checkmark$ OR $\frac{12}{100} \times 380\checkmark = 46 \text{ patterns}; \checkmark 380 + 46 = 426 \text{ patterns} \checkmark$	Method (2) Answer (1)	(3)
3.1.4	(a) $\{R2,50 + R2,45\}\checkmark + (4 \times R1,35) \checkmark$ $= R10,35 \checkmark$	Method (2) Answer (1)	(3)
	(b) $R10,35 \times 426 \checkmark$ $= R4\ 409,10 \checkmark$	Method (1) Answer (1)	(2)
	(c) No. \checkmark He must still pay for tile cement, grout, petrol cost for the transport of the tiles to his house, etc. \checkmark (Any acceptable answer.)	Ans & Reas	(2)
3.2			
3.2.1.1	June. \checkmark	Answer (1)	
3.2.1.2	R175 000 \checkmark	Answer (1)	(2)
3.2.2	February \checkmark and April \checkmark	Answer (2)	(2)
3.2.3	No \checkmark If they had a loss, the Rand would be negative, but there are no negative Rands on the graph.	Answer (1) Reason (1)	(2)
3.2.4	Everybody goes on holiday and do not do their renovations then. \checkmark OR The builders and renovators stop building in middle December and only start working again in January. \checkmark	Reason (1)	(1)

QUESTION 4 [17]

4.1

	Mode = R190 ✓	Answer (1)	(1)
--	---------------	------------	------------

4.2

	$\text{Mean} = \frac{2\,310}{12} \checkmark = \text{R}192,50 \checkmark$ $\approx \text{R}193 \checkmark$	Total (1) Answer (1) Rounding(1)	(3)
--	---	--	------------

4.3

Please see bottom of page 6 for details on how median and quartiles were calculated.

4.3.1	$(\text{R}180 + \text{R}185) \div 2 \checkmark$ $= \text{R}182,50 \checkmark \approx \text{R}183 \checkmark$	Method(2) Answer (1)	(3)
4.3.2	$(\text{R}150 + \text{R}165) \div 2 = \text{R}157,50 \checkmark$	Answer (1)	(1)
4.3.3	$(\text{R}190 + \text{R}225) \div 2 = \text{R}207,50 \checkmark$	Answer (1)	(1)
4.3.4	Interquartile Range = $Q_3 - Q_1$ $= \text{R}207,50 - \text{R}157,50 \checkmark = \text{R}50 \checkmark$	Subst (1) Answer (1)	(2)

4.4

4.4.1	There are 12 items $75\% \text{ of } 12 = \frac{75}{100} \times 12 \checkmark$ $\approx 9^{\text{th}} \text{ item } \checkmark = \text{R}190 \checkmark$	Item (1) Method (1) Answer (1)	(3)
4.4.2	R225✓, R245✓ and R325✓	Answers (3)	(3)

Median

R135 R145 R150 R165 R175 R180
R185 R190 R195 R225 R245 R325

Lower Quartile

~~R185~~ ~~R135~~ R145 R150 R165 R175

Upper Quartile

R185 ~~R190~~ R195 R225 R245 R325